## 2019 CHEM2C: Assignment 2

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## Due date: April 18 2019 (in class). Keep everything brief.

- 1. According to thermodynamics, the transformation from diamond to graphite is spontaneous with  $\Delta G^{\circ} = -2.90 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$ . However, your diamond ring hasn't turned into graphite because of the kinetics of the reaction. Estimate the rate constant and half-life (assuming first-order) of this reaction is the preexponential factor is  $A = 1 \text{ s}^{-1}$  and  $E_a = 540 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$  at T = 298 K. NB: The approximate age of the sun is  $1.4 \times 10^{17} \text{ s}$  and approximate age of the universe  $4.3 \times 10^{17} \text{ s}$ ).
- 2. The rate constant *k* for the reaction  $H_2 + I_2 \longrightarrow 2 HI$  has been determined at two temperatures:

T (K)	$k  (\mathrm{M}^{-1}  \mathrm{s}^{-1})$
599	$5.4 \times 10^{-4}$
683	$2.8  imes 10^{-2}$

- (a) Calculate the activation energy for the reaction.
- (b) At what temperature will the rate constant for the reaction have the value  $k = 5.0 \times 10^{-3} \text{ M}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$  ?
- 3. Derive the rate law for the following iodide-hypochlorite reaction in aqueous solution.  $OCl^- + H_2O \xrightarrow[k_{1}]{} HOCl + OH^- Fast [rxn. 1]$  $I^- + HOCl \xrightarrow{k_2} HOI + Cl^- Slow [rxn. 2]$

 $I^{-} + HOCI \xrightarrow{\longrightarrow} HOI + CI^{-} Slow [rxn. 2]$ HOI + OH<sup>-</sup>  $\stackrel{k_3}{\underset{k_{-3}}{\longrightarrow}} H_2O + OI^{-} Fast [rxn. 3]$ 

4. One proposed mechanism for the formation of a double helix in DNA is given by the following reactions. Where  $S_1$  and  $S_2$  represent strand 1 and 2, and  $(S_1-S_2)^*$  represents an unstable helix. Write the rate of reaction expression for the formation of the double helix.

1. 
$$S_1 + S_2 \xrightarrow[k_1]{k_1} (S_1 - S_2)^*$$
  
2.  $(S_1 - S_2)^* \xrightarrow{k_2} S_1 - S_2$