Assignment 4

Ram Seshadri MRL 2031, x6129, seshadri@mrl.ucsb.edu

Submit to Paul by Thursday 11/4/2004.

- 1. Calculate the equilibrium number of vacancies in 1 g of fcc Cu at 1200°C, given that the energy for formation of a vacancy is 0.9 eV/atom. The atomic weight of Cu is 63.546 g/mol and the Boltzmann constant can be expressed $k_{\rm B} = 8.62 \times 10^{-5} \ {\rm eV/K}$.
- 2. (a) Which is more likely to form a Frenkel defect and why: NaI or NaCl? (b) Which is more likely to form a Schottky defect and why: MgO or NaCl?
- 3. Sketch the following: (a) A line dislocation in a crystal showing the Burgers circuit and the Burgers vector. (b) A screw dislocation in a crystal showing the Burgers circuit and the Burgers vector.
- 4. Stacking faults in fcc Co are common, but not in NaCl (even though NaCl also has atoms on fcc lattices). Why?
- 5. What is a grain boundary. Sketch a schematic of a low angle, and of a high angle grain boundary.
- 6. When a cubic crystal converts to a tetragonal crystal (during some structural *phase transition*), why are a lot of planar defects created?